BIOLOGY (Div III)

Chairs: Professor Steven Swoap (fall) and Professor Lois Banta (spring)


On leave Fall/Spring: Professor: J. Edwards. Assistant Professor: D. Turner.
On leave Fall only: Professors: L. Banta, M. Morales. Associate Professor: L. Maroja.
On leave Spring only: Professor: S. Swoap. Associate Professor: T. Lebestky.

The Biology curriculum has been designed to provide students with a broad base for understanding principles governing life processes at all levels, from biochemistry and cell biology to physiology to ecology and behavior. Courses emphasize fundamentals common to all sub-disciplines including the coupling of structure to function, the transfer of energy in living systems, communication, and the molding of diversity by the evolutionary process. In upper-level courses and in independent and honors research, students have the opportunity to investigate areas at the frontiers of modern biology.

Although the Biology major is specifically designed to provide a balanced curriculum in the broader context of the liberal arts, it is also excellent preparation for graduate studies in the life sciences and in the health professions.

MAJOR REQUIREMENTS
In order to make the major accessible to students with diverse interests, required courses are kept to a minimum. The Biology major is satisfied by nine courses, as follows:

- Biology 101 The Cell
- Biology 102 The Organism
- Biology 202 Genetics
- Any two 300-level courses, each of which must have a laboratory associated with it
- Any one 400-level course other than 493-494
- Any other three courses or any other two courses and two semesters of Organic Chemistry

Note: Independent study courses and AMS 311 (Same as Biology 231) do not fulfill the 300-level or 400-level course requirements. WIOX 316 Biology: Evolution, in the Williams Oxford Program qualifies for major credit at the 200-level.

Distribution Requirement
In order to ensure that majors broaden their knowledge of biology, one of the elective courses for the major must include an upper-level course covering biological processes at levels of organization above the cell. Courses that satisfy this distribution requirement are indicated in the individual course description.

COURSE SELECTION AND PLACEMENT
It is preferable for students who plan to major in biology, or think they may be interested in doing so, to take Biology 101, 102 during their first year at Williams. It is also possible to begin the Biology major during the sophomore year, although students should understand that it may require taking two or more biology courses during several semesters.

Students interested in biology, whether or not they intend to major in it, are encouraged to take Biology 101, 102. It is also possible, with permission of the instructor, to take Biology 203 Ecology, Biology 204 Animal Behavior and Biology 220 Field Botany without prerequisite. Other 100-level biology courses are designed specifically for students who do not intend to take additional upper-level courses in biology. All of these courses satisfy the Division III distribution requirement.

Beginning students should normally enroll in Biology 101 and 102. Students with unusually strong backgrounds in biology, such as those with outstanding performance on the College Board Biology Advanced Placement Test, may be permitted to elect a sophomore-level course in lieu of Biology 101 and/or Biology 102 upon successful completion of a departmental qualifying exam, administered during First Days.

COURSES RELATED TO THE BIOLOGY MAJOR
Students planning to pursue their interest in biology and related fields after completing their undergraduate degrees are strongly encouraged to take one year of chemistry, at least one semester of mathematics (a course in statistics is recommended), and one semester of physics. Students may wish to check the requirements for graduate admission at relevant universities, and are also encouraged to consult with the Biology Department’s graduate school advisor about prerequisites for admission to graduate programs.

**BIOCHEMISTRY AND MOLECULAR BIOLOGY**
Students interested in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology (BIMO) should consult the general statement under Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.

**BIOINFORMATICS, GENOMICS AND PROTEOMICS**
Students interested in Bioinformatics, Genomics and Proteomics (BiGP) should consult the general statement under Bioinformatics, Genomics and Proteomics. Biology majors interested in this field are strongly encouraged to enroll in Integrative Bioinformatics, Genomics, and Proteomics (Biology 319).

**NEUROSCIENCE**
Students interested in Neuroscience (NSCI) should consult the general statement under Neuroscience.

**PUBLIC HEALTH**
Students interested in Public Health (PH) should consult the general statement under Public Health.

**ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**
Students interested in Environmental Studies (ENVI) should consult with Biology faculty members associated with the program and the general statement under Environmental Studies.

**THE DEGREE WITH HONORS IN BIOLOGY**
In order to be recommended for the degree with honors, a Biology major is normally expected to have completed the equivalent of two semesters and a winter study (031) of independent research culminating in a thesis which demonstrates outstanding achievement of an original and innovative nature. Although the presentation of a thesis and associated oral presentation in the fall and poster defense in the spring are required for consideration for a degree with honors, their completion should not be interpreted as a guarantee of a degree with honors. The principal considerations in admitting a student to the program of independent honors research will be mastery of fundamental material and skills, ability to pursue independent study successfully, and demonstrated interest and motivation. Students interested in participating in the honors program should consult with the department early in the spring semester of the junior year; approval must be received before spring registration in the junior year. The number of Biology Department faculty available to mentor research students and the number of students each can accommodate in her/his lab vary from year to year. Although the department will make every effort to provide an opportunity for students to conduct Honors research, you should be aware that it may not be possible to assign all applicants to a laboratory.

The minimum course requirements for a degree with honors in Biology are Biology 101, Biology 102, Biology 202, two 300-level biology courses (each of which must have a laboratory associated with it), one 400-level biology course, Biology 493, Biology 494, WSP 031, and any other two courses in biology (or any other one course and two semesters of Organic Chemistry). Note: A student who has a double major cannot count any course twice. For example, if a student is a Biology and Chemistry major, Organic Chemistry can only be counted in one of the two majors.

In addition to the normal honors route, which includes two semesters (Biology 493-494) and a winter study of research (WSP 031) during senior year, students have the option, subject to the approval of their thesis advisor, to begin the honors research during winter study junior year or during the second semester junior year. In general, thesis students who start during WSP or spring semester of their junior year are working on a project that requires winter or spring field work. Students beginning honors in winter study of junior year would take Biology 494 in the spring of their junior year followed by Biology 493 in the fall of their senior year; students beginning honors during the second semester of junior year would take Biology 494 that semester, followed by Biology 493 in the fall of senior year and winter study research in the winter of the senior year.

**STUDY ABROAD**
Students planning on majoring in Biology are strongly advised to take Biology 202 before going abroad, since Biology 202 is required for the major and is a prerequisite for many upper-level courses; a Genetics course taken while studying away cannot substitute for Biology 202. Biology majors studying abroad may receive credit toward the major for at most two 200-level electives; the departmental distribution requirement can be satisfied through an appropriate course taken during study abroad. Students should meet with the Department's study abroad advisor to discuss study abroad options.

**FAQ**
Students MUST contact departments/programs BEFORE assuming study away credit will be granted toward the major or concentration.

**Can your department or program typically pre-approve courses for major/concentration credit?**
Yes, in many cases, if appropriate course information is available in advance (e.g. syllabi and/or course descriptions), though students should be
sure to contact the department. We usually want to see a syllabus.

What criteria will typically be used/required to determine whether a student may receive major/concentration credit for a course taken while on study away?

Course title and description, ideally complete syllabus including readings/assignments.

Does your department/program place restrictions on the number of major/concentration credits that a student might earn through study away?

Yes. Only two of the nine major course credits can be taken somewhere other than Williams.

Does your department/program place restrictions on the types of courses that can be awarded credit towards your major?

Yes. Courses taken for major credit anywhere other than Williams will only count as 200-level credit, regardless of the level or format of the course.

Are there specific major requirements that cannot be fulfilled while on study away?

Yes. BIOL 202 Genetics, 300-level lab courses, and 400-level senior seminar.

Are there specific major requirements in your department/program that students should be particularly aware of when weighing study away options? (Some examples might include a required course that is always taught in one semester, laboratory requirements.)

Yes. Genetics is only offered in the fall. Those late to the major need to be aware of this as Genetics is a prerequisite for most upper division courses.

Give examples in which students thought or assumed that courses taken away would count toward the major or concentration and then learned they wouldn’t:

Courses that are focused on clinical areas of study, and courses in environmental studies that focus on policy or sociology rather than biology, would not be granted credit in biology.

CREDIT FOR COURSES AT OTHER INSTITUTIONS

Students who enroll in study away programs may receive credit for up to two 200-level electives towards the biology major. Courses must be pre-approved by the Biology Department Study Away Advisor.

Students wishing to satisfy prerequisites for courses offered by the Biology Department with courses taken at other institutions should consult, in person, with a member of the Biology Department, prior to registering for the course that requires a prerequisite. Such consultations will include a review of the course syllabi and the transcripts of the relevant previous college work, and students should bring these materials with them.

RESEARCH AND THESIS COURSES

Individual research projects must be approved by the department. Application should be made to the department prior to spring registration.

Note: Senior thesis and independent study courses do not count as 300-level or 400-level course requirements for the major. Only one research course (i.e., BIOL 297, BIOL 298, BIOL 493, or BIOL 494) may be counted towards the major requirements.

BIOL 11 (W) Teaching 3rd Grade about Zebrafish--BioEYES

BioEYES brings tropical fish to 3rd grade classrooms in Williamstown, North Adams, and Lanesborough Elementary schools, in a science teaching workshop. Elementary school students will breed fish in the classroom, then study their development and pigmentation during one week. Williams students will adapt BioEYES lesson plans to the science curriculum for the schools we visit, work with classroom teachers to introduce concepts in genetics and development, help the 3rd grade students in the classroom, and assess elementary student learning. No zebrafish experience is necessary; during the first week students will learn to set up fish matings, and learn about embryonic development and the genetics of fish pigmentation as well as practice teaching the 3rd grade BioEYES lesson plans with hands-on experiments using living animals. In the subsequent three weeks students will present lessons at the schools and review assessment data. Adjunct Instructor Bio: Jennifer Swoap, an elementary school teacher, currently coordinates Williams Elementary Outreach, where Williams students teach hands-on science lessons at area elementary schools. Adjunct Co-Instructor Bio: Renee Schiek currently serves as the liaison between Lanesborough Elementary School and the Williams Elementary Outreach, where Williams students teach hands-on science lessons at area elementary schools. She is a frequent substitute at Lanesborough ES and holds a degree in mechanical engineering.

Class Format: meeting time varies depending on needs of schools and laboratory requirements

Requirements/Evaluation: final project; review of pre and post survey assessments

Prerequisites: none
Enrollment Limit: 14  
Enrollment Preferences: preference to seniors  
Materials/Lab Fee: $0  
Attributes: EXPE Experiential Education Courses

Winter 2019  
LEC Section: 01  MTWR 10:00 am - 2:50 pm PORG 10:00 am - 2:50 pm  Jennifer C. Swoop, Renee Schiek

**BIOL 12 (W) : New Orleans-Style Jazz and Street Performance**  
This course has a focus on making music based on the principles of improvisation and street performance embodied by New Orleans-Style jazz. Typically composed of brass instruments, this course welcomes musicians and performers of all types, from the classically trained to those with no experience who are willing to play washboards, kazos, and experiment with other forms of sound-making. For when you travel the world after Williams, this course will prepare you to "busk," or make money playing music on the street, where some of the most dynamic forms of jazz and improvisation have been created. The course will include various street performances and culminate with a "gig" in a local music venue. We will meet twice a week for three-hour sessions, with extra band practices, five hours per week, and performances to be scheduled in accordance to our needs--attendance mandatory. Adjunct Instructor Bio: Andy Kelly, a local Jazz musician and former busker, Williams College Class of '80, now travels the world bridging cultures with music, using American jazz to make peace in the world.  
Class Format: afternoons  
Requirements/Evaluation: original musical composition with in-class performance; 2-page short research paper and oral presentation; final performance for ‘all college’ audience  
Prerequisites: none  
Enrollment Limit: 20  
Enrollment Preferences: preference given in order to: seniors, juniors, sophomores, first-years  
Materials/Lab Fee: none  
Attributes: EXPE Experiential Education Courses

Winter 2019  
LEC Section: 01  MR 1:00 pm - 2:50 pm PORG 1:00 pm - 2:50 pm  Andrew Kelly

**BIOL 13 (W) Introduction to Animal Tracking**  
This course is an introduction to the ancient art and science of animal tracking, and its use for ecological inventory. Participants will deepen their skills as naturalists, their awareness of the natural world, and discover that even the greens at Williams College are abundant with wildlife. Students will have field time in class at Hopkins Forest as well as through independent study at a convenient outdoor location of each student's choosing. Basic concepts of animal tracking, its history and use by indigenous people throughout the world will be discussed through video and slideshow. Students are required to create journals and site maps of Hopkins and their personal study areas, including all major features of the landscape, flora and fauna activity. Adjunct Instructor Bio: Dan Yacobellis is a local naturalist and wildlife tracker who has explored forest and field for more than 20 years. He teaches courses on wilderness skills and tracking at nature education centers in Massachusetts and New York as well as his own independent programs for private groups and associations.  
Class Format: 10:00am to 3:00pm two days a week  
Requirements/Evaluation: attendance, participation, a final presentation of their maps and journals, with attention to detail and content, a field test and 3-page research paper  
Prerequisites: none  
Enrollment Limit: 16  
Enrollment Preferences: preference given to seniors  
Materials/Lab Fee: $90 plus cost of book(s)  
Attributes: EXPE Experiential Education Courses
BIOL 22 (W) Introduction to Biological Research
An experimental research project will be carried out under the supervision of the Biology Department. It is expected that the student will spend 20 hours per week in the lab at a minimum, and a 10-page written report is required. This experience is intended for, but not limited to, first-year students and sophomores, and requires the permission of the instructor.

Class Format: Independent study
Extra Info: meeting time: mornings
Prerequisites: none
Enrollment Limit: POI
Materials/Lab Fee: none
Distributions: (D3)

BIOL 25 (W) Sustainable Agriculture in California
Crosslistings: BIOL25 / ENVI25
Secondary Crosslisting
This Winter Study Period course engages students with the diversity of agricultural practices in California on farms ranging from winter fruit and vegetable production, to orchards and vineyards, to livestock and dairy, to eggs along the Central Coast through hands-on experiences on a variety of farms. This is a Winter Study 2019 field course on Sustainable Agriculture in California, a field experience conducted primarily on-site for the month of January. For some participants, the WSP field course will segue from the seminar BIOL/ENVI 422--The Ecology of Sustainable Agriculture to be taught in Fall 2018 by H.W. Art. Preference for the WSP will be given to students who have previously taken BIOL 422. The WSP course will be limited to 8 students. This project is a replication of a WSP course HW Art taught in 2013 and again 2016, a travel WSP experiential course in which 7-8 students gained hands-on knowledge about agricultural systems by working on 8 farms and vineyards on the Central Coast of California. We concluded the month by participating in the Ecological Farming (EcoFarm) Conference. Sarah Gardner will be co-teaching the course with Prof. Art for pedagogical and practical reasons, including her experience in agriculture and her continuing this WSP periodically in the future. The learning-through-working experience is designed to both de-mystify and de-romanticize agriculture by having the students gain a fuller sense of the realities of producing food by working shoulder-to-shoulder with farmers and laborers. Art's previous experience is that the investments of time, labor, thought, and sweat by engaging in actual farming practice creates a depth of understanding not possible in the classroom. In addition to assigned texts, we also will be reading books individually and take turns reporting back to the group in the evenings, a bit like story-telling in the oral tradition. The final product will be a collaborative journal written by the class.

Class Format: travel
Requirements/Evaluation: 10-page paper; synthetic journal of field experiences to be produced by the group
Prerequisites: none, but see preferences for over-enrollment; not open to first-year students
Enrollment Limit: 8
Enrollment Preferences: preference to senior Biology and Environmental Studies majors/concentrators who have taken The Ecology of Sustainable Agriculture and/or other food and agriculture courses; then by essay
Attributes: EXPE Experiential Education Courses; TRVL Winter Study Travel Course

BIOL 31 (W) Senior Thesis: Biology
To be taken by students registered for Biology 493, 494.
BIOL 99 (W) Independent Study: Biology
Open to upperclass students. Students interested in doing an independent project (99) during Winter Study must make prior arrangements with a faculty sponsor. The student and professor then complete the independent study proposal form available online. The deadline is typically in late September. Proposals are reviewed by the pertinent department and the Winter Study Committee. Students will be notified if their proposal is approved prior to the Winter Study registration period.

BIOL 101 (F) The Cell
This course investigates cell structure and function as a consequence of evolutionary processes, and it stresses the dynamic properties of living systems. Topics include an introduction to biological molecules and enzyme action, membrane structure and function, energy exchange and design of metabolic systems, expression of genetic information, cell signaling, cell trafficking, the cell cycle, and cancer. Student-designed laboratory experiments and discussions based on primary biology literature will highlight how biological knowledge is created and understood.

Fall 2018
LEC Section: A1 MWF 10:00 am - 10:50 am Tim J. Lebestky
LAB Section: A2 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Jenna L. MacIntire
LAB Section: A3 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Jenna L. MacIntire
LAB Section: A4 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Jenna L. MacIntire
LAB Section: A5 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Steven J. Swoap
LEC Section: B1 TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am Daniel V. Lynch
LAB Section: B2 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Janis E. Bravo
LAB Section: B3 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Janis E. Bravo
LAB Section: B4 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Janis E. Bravo
LAB Section: B5 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Janis E. Bravo
BIOL 102 (S) The Organism
This course focuses upon the developmental and evolutionary processes that have given rise to a wide diversity of multicellular organisms. We consider many levels of biological organization, from molecular and cellular to individuals and populations in our examination of evolutionary concepts. Topics include meiosis and sexual reproduction, developmental and evolutionary mechanisms, and speciation with representative examples from a diversity of plants and animals. Readings are drawn from a variety of sources, including the recent primary literature.

Class Format: lecture/discussion/laboratory, six hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on hour tests, a final exam and laboratory reports
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis
Prerequisites: BIOL 101 or permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: none
Expected Class Size: 152
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: BIMO Required Courses;

Spring 2019
LEC Section: A1 TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am Heather Williams
LAB Section: A2 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Robert M. Savage
LAB Section: A3 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Heather Williams
LAB Section: A4 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean
LAB Section: A5 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Robert M. Savage
LEC Section: B1 MWF 10:00 am - 10:50 am Ron D. Bassar
LAB Section: B2 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean
LAB Section: B3 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean
LAB Section: B4 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Ron D. Bassar
LAB Section: B5 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean

BIOL 133 (F) Biology of Exercise and Nutrition
This class, intended for the non-scientist, focuses on the impact of exercise and nutrition on the human body. We will discuss topics such as how different types of training influence exercise performance; the changes that occur in the cardiovascular system during an exercise routine; the inherent limits of the body to perform aerobic and anaerobic tasks; and the long-term health consequences of a lifetime of activity or inactivity. We will also examine how nutrition and metabolism affect body composition. For example, we will rigorously and scientifically scrutinize the use of "fad" diets as a means to lose weight.

Class Format: lecture 3 hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on exams and bi-weekly laboratory exercises and laboratory report
Prerequisites: none
Enrollment Limit: 90
Enrollment Preferences: seniors, juniors, sophomores, then first-year students
Expected Class Size: 90
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement for the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: PHLH Biomedical Determinants of Health
Not offered current academic year

BIOL 134 (S) The Tropics: Biology and Social Issues
Crosslistings: BIOL134 / ENVI134
Primary Crosslisting

Intended for the non-scientist, this course explores the biological dimensions of social issues in tropical societies, and focuses on specifically on the peoples and cultures of tropical regions in Africa, Asia, Latin America, Oceanea, and the Caribbean. Tropical issues have become prominent on a global scale, and many social issues in the tropics are inextricably bound to human ecology, evolution, and physiology. The course begins with a survey of the tropical environment of humans, including major climatic and habitat features. The next section focuses on human population biology, and emphasizes demography and the role of disease particularly malaria and AIDS. The final part of the course covers the place of human societies in local and global ecosystems including the challenges of tropical food production, the importance of organic diversity, and the interaction of humans with their supporting ecological environment.

Class Format: lecture/debate, three hours per week

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on two hour exams, a short paper, panel preparation, and a final exam

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: none

Enrollment Limit: 60

Enrollment Preferences: seniors, juniors, sophomores, and first-year students--in that order

Expected Class Size: 60

Department Notes: does not count for major credit in Biology; does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Living Systems Courses; GBST African Studies Electives; PHLH Biomedical Determinants of Health; SCST Elective Courses

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 202 (F) Genetics (QFR)

Genetics, classically defined as the study of heredity, has evolved into a discipline whose limits are continually expanded by innovative molecular technologies. This course covers the experimental basis for our current understanding of the inheritance, structures, and functions of genes. It introduces approaches used by contemporary geneticists and molecular biologists to explore questions in areas of biology ranging from evolution to medicine. The laboratory part of the course provides an experimental introduction to modern genetic analysis. Laboratory experiments include linkage analysis, bacterial transformation with plasmids and DNA restriction mapping.

Class Format: lecture/laboratory, six hours per week

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on bi-weekly problem sets, weekly laboratory exercises and laboratory reports, and examinations

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 101 and 102

Enrollment Limit: none

Expected Class Size: 84

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3) (QFR)

Attributes: BGNP Recommended Courses; BIMO Required Courses;

Fall 2018

LEC Section: 01 MWF 11:00 am - 11:50 am David W. Loehlin

LAB Section: 02 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean

LAB Section: 03 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean

LAB Section: 04 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean

LAB Section: 05 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Derek Dean

BIOL 203 (F) Ecology (QFR)
Crosslistings: BIOL203 / ENVI203

Primary Crosslisting
This course combines lectures with field and indoor laboratory exercises to explore factors that determine the distribution and abundance of plants and animals in natural systems. The course begins with an overall view of global patterns and then builds from the population to the ecosystem level. An emphasis is given to basic ecological principles and relates them to current environmental issues. Selected topics include population dynamics (competition, predation, mutualism); community interactions (succession, food chains and diversity) and ecosystem function (biogeochemical cycles, energy flow).

Class Format: lecture/laboratory, six hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on problem sets, lab reports, hour exams, and a final exam
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL 101 and 102, or ENVI 101 or 102, or permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: none
Expected Class Size: 35
Department Notes: satisfies the living system course requirement for the major in Environmental Studies; satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3) (QFR)
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Environmental Science; EVST Living Systems Courses;

Fall 2018
LEC Section: 01 MWF 10:00 am - 10:50 am Ron D. Bassar
LAB Section: 02 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Ron D. Bassar
LAB Section: 03 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Ron D. Bassar

BIOL 204 (S) Animal Behavior
Crosslistings: BIOL204 / NSCI204

Primary Crosslisting
Making sense of what we see while watching animals closely is both an enthralling pastime and a discipline that draws on many aspects of biology. Explanations can be found on many levels: evolutionary theory tells us why certain patterns have come to exist, molecular biology can help us understand how those patterns are implemented, neuroscience gives insights as to how the world appears to the behaving animal, endocrinology provides information on how suites of behaviors are regulated. The first part of the course focuses upon how descriptive studies provide the basis for formulating questions about behavior as well as the statistical methods used to evaluate the answers to these questions. We then consider the behavior of individuals, both as it is mediated by biological mechanisms and as it appears from an evolutionary perspective. The second half of the course is primarily concerned with the behaviors of groups of animals from a wide variety of vertebrate and invertebrate species, concentrating upon the stimuli, responses, and internal mechanisms that maintain social systems and on the selection pressures that drive animals toward a particular social system.

Class Format: lecture/laboratory, six hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on examinations, lab reports, and a research paper
Extra Info: not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL 102, or PSYC 101, or permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: 32
Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors and Neuroscience concentrators
Expected Class Size: 32
Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: COGS Interdepartmental Electives; NSCI Group A Electives
BIOI 205 (S) Physiology

This lecture-based course examines principles, patterns, and mechanisms of biological function from the level of cells and tissues to the whole organism. The themes of the course include structure and function, mechanisms of regulation, control and integration, and adaptation to the environment. Examples of these themes are taken from a wide variety of organisms with a focus on vertebrates. Laboratories provide practical experience in measurement and experimental elucidation of physiological phenomena and functional analysis of gross structure.

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on hour exams, laboratory reports, and a final exam

Prerequisites: BIOL 101 and 102; open to first-year students with permission of the Biology department

Enrollment Limit: 72

Enrollment Preferences: seniors, then juniors, then sophomores

Expected Class Size: 72

Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Spring 2019

LEC Section: 01 MWF 9:00 am - 9:50 am Matt E. Carter
LAB Section: 02 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Jenna L. MacIntire
LAB Section: 03 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Jenna L. MacIntire
LAB Section: 04 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Matt E. Carter
LAB Section: 05 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Matt E. Carter

BIOI 210 (S) Mathematical Biology  (QFR)

Crosslistings: MATH310 / BIOL210

Secondary Crosslisting

This course will provide an introduction to the many ways in which mathematics can be used to understand, analyze, and predict biological dynamics. We will learn how to construct mathematical models that capture essential properties of biological processes while maintaining analytic tractability. Analytic techniques, such as stability and bifurcation analysis, will be introduced in the context of both continuous and discrete time models. Additionally, students will couple these analytic tools with numerical simulation to gain a more global picture of the biological dynamics. Possible biological applications include, but are not limited to, single and multi-species population dynamics, neural and biological oscillators, tumor cell growth, and infectious disease dynamics.

Class Format: tutorial

Requirements/Evaluation: problem sets, weekly meetings, final project and paper

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: MATH 250, MATH 209 or 309, permission of instructor

Enrollment Limit: 10

Enrollment Preferences: if over-enrolled, will have students submit reasons for taking class; preference to those with interest in both subjects

Expected Class Size: 10

Distributions: (D3) (QFR)

Distribution Notes: QFR: The course will introduce methods for developing and analyzing mathematical models.

Attributes: PHLH Methods in Public Health;
BIOL 211 (S) Paleobiology
Crosslistings: BIOL211 / GEOS212

Secondary Crosslisting
The fossil record is a direct window into the history of life on Earth and contains a wealth of information on evolution, biodiversity, and climate change. This course investigates the record of ancient life forms, from single-celled algae to snails to dinosaurs. In addition to the intellectual discovery of fossils as organic relics and the ways in which fossils have been used to support conflicting views on nature, geologic time, and evolution, we will cover a range of topics central to modern paleobiology. These include: how the fossil record informs our understanding of evolutionary processes including speciation; the causes and consequences of mass extinctions; how fossils help us tell time and reconstruct the Earth's climatic and tectonic history; statistical analysis of the fossil record to reconstruct biodiversity through time; analysis of fossil morphology to recreate the biomechanics of extinct organisms; and using fossil communities to reconstruct past ecosystems. Laboratory exercises will take advantage of Williams' superb fossil collections as well as published datasets to provide a broad understanding of fossils and the methods we use to study the history of life on Earth. We will also view a diversity of fossils in their geologic and paleo-environmental context on our field trip to Eastern New York.

Class Format: lecture/laboratory; field trip to the the Paleozoic of New York State
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on lab assignments, short quizzes and writing assignments, and a final exam
Prerequisites: any 100-level GEOS course or BIOL 102, 203 or 205
Enrollment Limit: 15
Enrollment Preferences: sophomores and juniors
Expected Class Size: 12
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: EXPE Experiential Education Courses; MAST Interdepartmental Electives

Spring 2019
LEC Section: 01	 TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am	 Phoebe A. Cohen
LAB Section: 02	 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm	 Phoebe A. Cohen

BIOL 212 (F) Neuroscience
Crosslistings: PSYC212 / BIOL212 / NSCI201

Secondary Crosslisting
A study of the relationship between brain, mind, and behavior. Topics include a survey of the structure and function of the nervous system, basic neurophysiology, development, learning and memory, sensory and motor systems, consciousness and clinical disorders such as schizophrenia, autism, Parkinson's disease, and addiction. The laboratory focuses on current topics in neuroscience.

Class Format: lecture, three hours a week; laboratory, every other week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on a lab practical, lab reports, two hour exams and a final exam
Extra Info: not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: PSYC 101 or BIOL 101; open to first-year students only with permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: 72
Enrollment Preferences: sophomores and Biology and Psychology majors
Expected Class Size: 72
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Distribution Notes: meets Division 3 requirement if registration is under PSYC
Attributes: COGS Interdepartmental Electives; NSCI Required Courses; PSYC 200-level Courses
Fall 2018

LEC Section: 01    TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am    Heather Williams, Matthew M. Clasen
LAB Section: 02    M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm    Martha J. Marvin
LAB Section: 03    T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm    Martha J. Marvin
LAB Section: 04    W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm    Martha J. Marvin

BIOL 214 (S) Mathematical Ecology (QFR)
Crosslistings: BIOL214 / MATH410
Secondary Crosslisting

Using mathematics to study natural phenomena has become ubiquitous over the past couple of decades. In this tutorial, we will study mathematical models comprised of both deterministic and stochastic differential equations that are developed to understand ecological dynamics and, in many cases, evaluate the dynamical consequences of policy decisions. We will learn how to understand these models through both standard analytic techniques such as stability and bifurcation analysis as well as through simulation using computer programs such as MATLAB. Possible topics include fisheries management, disease ecology, control of invasive species, and predicting critical transitions in ecological systems.

Class Format: tutorial
Requirements/Evaluation: written and programming assignments, oral presentations, and exams
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: MATH 250 or permission of instructor; Math 209 preferred
Enrollment Limit: 10
Enrollment Preferences: programming experience, students with interests in the intersection of math and biology
Expected Class Size: 10
Department Notes: Does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3) (QFR)
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Methods Courses; PHLH Methods in Public Health;
Not offered current academic year

BIOL 219 (S) Dangerous Exposures: Environment, Immunity, and Infectious Disease (WI)

Global reports of emerging infectious diseases and old diseases with new pathogenic properties incite fears for personal safety as well as national security. The specter of a contagious pandemic has captured the public imagination through the mass news media, movies, and even popular online and board games. In this tutorial course, we will explore the ecology and evolution of several recently emergent diseases such as Ebola hemorrhagic fever, dengue, and AIDS. Topics to be considered include transmission dynamics, epidemiological modeling of vaccination strategies, and wildlife reservoirs that contribute to human virus exposure. We will examine progress in preventing the parasitic disease malaria and why such diseases have proven so refractory. We will also discuss the science behind the recent development of the vaccine against the human papillomavirus, which causes cervical cancer, and the intriguing and highly unusual transmissible cancers in dogs and Tasmanian devils. Finally, we will think about the contributions of inadequate diagnostic capacities world-wide and broader issues of resource shortages in driving the global emergence of drug resistance in tuberculosis and other diseases. One common theme in each of these case studies will be the interplay between the host immune response and the evolution of the pathogen. Although the primary focus of the course is on biology rather than policy, each week's readings will have implications for public health and/or conservation biology.

Class Format: tutorial
Requirements/Evaluation: six 4- to 5-page papers; tutorial presentations, and the student's progress towards intellectual independence and creativity as a presenter and a respondent
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL 101 and 102
Enrollment Limit: 10
Enrollment Preferences: sophomores who have taken BIOL 202, students interested in public health
Spring 2019
TUT Section: T1  R 11:20 am - 12:35 pm  Lois M. Banta

**BIOL 220 (S) Field Botany and Plant Natural History**

Crosslistings: BIOL220 / ENVI220

**Primary Crosslisting**

This field-lecture course covers the evolutionary and ecological relationships among plant groups represented in our local and regional flora. The "lectures," that are assigned as "homework" in this "flipped" course, focus on the evolution of the land plants, the most recent developments in plant systematics, characteristics of plant families, and cultural-economic uses of plants, especially native species. The in-class session will be organized as workshops with short quizzes and hands-on explorations of plant materials. The labs cover field identification, natural history, and ecology of local species.

**Class Format:** lecture

**Requirements/Evaluation:** evaluation will be based on quizzes, exams, field quizzes, field notebook and a class project.

**Extra Info:** may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

**Extra Info 2:** "flipped" lectures and homework

**Prerequisites:** none

**Enrollment Limit:** 30

**Enrollment Preferences:** seniors, Biology majors, and Environmental Studies majors & concentrators

**Expected Class Size:** 25

**Department Notes:** satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major

**Distributions:** (D3)

**Attributes:** ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Living Systems Courses; EXPE Experiential Education Courses; PHLH Nutrition, Food Security + Environmental Health

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Spring 2019
LEC Section: 01  MWF 9:00 am - 9:50 am  Henry W. Art
LAB Section: 02  T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm  Henry W. Art
LAB Section: 03  W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm  Henry W. Art

**BIOL 222 (S) Essentials of Biochemistry (QFR)**

This course will explore the biochemistry of cellular processes and contextualize these processes in healthy and diseased states. Lecture topics in this one semester course will include the structure and function of proteins (enzymes and non-enzymatic proteins), lipids, and carbohydrates. Lectures will also survey the major metabolic pathways (carbohydrates, lipids, and amino acids) with particular attention to enzyme regulation and the integration of metabolism in different tissues and under different metabolic conditions. In the discussion/laboratory component of the course a combination of primary literature, hypothesis-driven exercises, problem solving, and bench work will be used to illustrate how particular techniques and experimental approaches are used in biochemical fields.

**Class Format:** lecture/discussion/laboratory, six hours per week

**Requirements/Evaluation:** regular quizzes, final exam, writing assignments (including problem sets), and lab assignments

**Extra Info:** may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

**Prerequisites:** BIOL 101 and CHEM 156; not open to students who have taken BIOL 321 or BIOL 322

**Enrollment Limit:** 24

**Enrollment Preferences:** seniors who need to fulfill the biochemistry requirement for premedical school
Expected Class Size: 24

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement for the major; cannot be counted towards the biology major in addition to either BIOL 321 or BIOL 322; cannot be counted towards the BIMO concentration

Distributions: (D3) (QFR)

Distribution Notes: QFR: The laboratory program is quantitative covering data analyses, numerical transformations, graphical displays.

Spring 2019
LEC Section: 01    TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am    Daniel V. Lynch
LAB Section: 02    W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm    Daniel V. Lynch
LAB Section: 03    R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm    Daniel V. Lynch

BIOL 225 (F)  Sustainable Food & Agriculture  (WI)
Crosslistings: ENVI225 / BIOL225

Primary Crosslisting
A tutorial course investigating patterns, processes, and stability in human-dominated, food production systems. The course will examine sustainable food and agriculture from an ecological perspective. Topics will include: changes in diversity, concentration, and scale, flows of energy, circulation (or not) of fertilizer nutrients, carbon balances in soils, and stability of food production, processing, and distribution ecosystems. A day-long field experience will take place on a local farm.

Class Format: tutorial
Requirements/Evaluation: Evaluation will be based on writing assignments, tutorial presentation, performance in the role of paper critic, and course participation.
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL 102 or ENVI 102
Enrollment Limit: 10
Enrollment Preferences: open to sophomores, juniors, and seniors, with preference given to sophomores over juniors and seniors.
Expected Class Size: 8

Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major, the Natural World distributional requirement of the Environmental Studies program

Distributions: (D3) (WI)

Distribution Notes: WI: Each student will write five papers that deal with questions requiring extensive reading of primary resources. Paper presentations will alternate with serving as a critic of other student papers. Students will be given the opportunity to revise and rewrite two of the five papers in the week following their tutorial presentation thereby being able to respond to the criticism and discussion of the tutorial group.
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives;

Fall 2018
TUT Section: T1    TBA    Henry W. Art

BIOL 231 (F)  Marine Ecology
Crosslistings: BIOL231 / MAST311

Secondary Crosslisting
Using the principles of evolutionary biology and experimental ecology, this course examines the processes that control the diversity, abundance and distribution of marine organisms. Major marine communities, including estuaries, the rocky shore, sandy beaches, salt marshes, coral reefs, and the deep sea are discussed in detail.

Class Format: lecture/laboratory, including coastal and near-shore field trips, 10 days offshore, and a laboratory or field research project
Requirements/Evaluation: two tests, a research project, and a presentation
Extra Info: offered only at Mystic Seaport
Prerequisites: BIOL 101 or GEOS/MAST 104, or permission of instructor
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Living Systems Courses; EXPE Experiential Education Courses

Fall 2018
LEC Section: 01    TBA    Tim J. Pusack

Spring 2019
LEC Section: 01    TBA    Tim J. Pusack

BIOL 234 (S)  Biology of our Sexes: The Genetic and Epigenetic Regulation of Sex Determination  (WI)
Many physical and behavioral characteristics that are associated with male and female anatomy, physiology, and behavior are initially the products of molecular choices arising from the action of our chromosomes in early development. The embryonic assignment of sex can also lead to intersex or hermaphroditic outcomes in many different organisms with extraordinary and illuminating biological effects. We will explore the molecular mechanisms and evolutionary basis of sex determination in both plants and animals, as well as the physical and behavioral expression of sex by the organism discussed, and experiments that create and characterize traits and behavior of mosaic/intersex organisms. Additionally, the epigenetic regulation of the X chromosome in mammals has a canonical role in our understanding of sex determination, but whole genome studies and investigations of autosomes and the Y chromosome have raised new layers of complexity for understanding the molecular basis of human sex and sexuality.
Class Format: tutorial
Requirements/Evaluation: six 5-page papers; six 1-page response papers; tutorial presentations; discussion skills/investment
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL 202 (Genetics), or permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: 10
Enrollment Preferences: sophomores and juniors, with preference to Biology majors
Expected Class Size: 10
Distributions: (D3) (WI)
Not offered current academic year

BIOL 297 (F)  Independent Study: Biology
Biology 200-level independent study. Each student carries out independent field or laboratory research under the supervision of a member of the department.
Class Format: independent study
Distributions: (D3)

Fall 2018
IND Section: 01    TBA    Steven J. Swoap

BIOL 298 (S)  Independent Study: Biology
Biology 200-level independent study. Each student carries out independent field or laboratory research under the supervision of a member of the department.
Class Format: independent study
Distributions: (D3)

Spring 2019
IND Section: 01    TBA    Lois M. Banta
BIOL 302 (F) Communities and Ecosystems (QFR)
Crosslistings: BIOL302 / ENVI312

Primary Crosslisting
An advanced ecology course that examines how species interact with each other and their environment with a focus on conservation implications. This course emphasizes phenomena that emerge in complex ecological systems, building on the fundamental concepts of population biology, community ecology, and ecosystem science. This foundation will be used to understand specific topics relevant to conservation including the functional significance of diversity for ecosystem stability and processes. Lectures and labs will explore how to characterize the emergent properties of communities and ecosystems, and how theoretical, comparative, and experimental approaches are used to understand their structure and function. The lab component of this course will emphasize hypothesis-oriented field experiments but will also include some laboratory microcosm experiments. The laboratory component of the course will culminate with a self-designed independent or group project.

Class Format: lecture/laboratory, six hours a week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on lab reports, a midterm exam, a term project presentation, and a final project paper
Prerequisites: BIOL/ENVI 203 or 220
Enrollment Limit: 28
Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors and Environmental Studies majors and concentrators
Expected Class Size: 24
Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3) (QFR)
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; EVST Living Systems Courses; EXPE Experiential Education Courses;
Not offered current academic year

BIOL 305 (S) Evolution (QFR)
This course offers a critical analysis of contemporary concepts in biological evolution. We focus on the relation of evolutionary mechanisms (e.g., selection, drift, and migration) to long term evolutionary patterns (e.g., evolutionary innovations, origin of major groups, and the emergence of diversity). Topics include micro-evolutionary models, natural selection and adaptation, sexual selection, speciation, the inference of evolutionary history among others.

Class Format: lecture/discussion/laboratory, six hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on independent research project, problem sets, participation in discussions and exams
Prerequisites: BIOL 202
Enrollment Limit: 24
Enrollment Preferences: Seniors and biology majors
Expected Class Size: 24
Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3) (QFR)
Attributes: BGNP Recommended Courses; BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; COGS Related Courses;

Spring 2019
LEC Section: 01 MWF 10:00 am - 10:50 am Luana S. Maroja
LAB Section: 02 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Luana S. Maroja
LAB Section: 03 R 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Luana S. Maroja

BIOL 308 (F) Integrative Plant Biology: Fundamentals and New Frontiers
Plants are one of the most successful groups of organisms on Earth and have a profound impact on all life. Successful use of plants in addressing global problems and understanding their role in natural ecosystems depends on fundamental knowledge of the molecular mechanisms by which they grow, develop, and respond to their environment. This course will examine the molecular physiology of plants using an integrative approach that considers plants as dynamic, functional units in their environment. Major emphasis will be on understanding fundamental plant processes, such as
photosynthesis, growth and development, water transport, hormone physiology, and flowering, from the molecular to the organismal level. Environmental effects on these processes will be addressed in topics including photomorphogenesis, stress physiology, mineral nutrition, and plant-microbe interactions. Discussions of original research papers will examine the mechanisms plants use to perform these processes and explore advances in the genetic engineering of plants for agricultural, environmental, and medical purposes. Laboratory activities stress modern approaches and techniques used in investigating plant physiological processes.

Class Format: lecture/discussion/laboratory, six hours per week

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on lab reports, a term paper, and exams

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis

Prerequisites: BIOL 202

Enrollment Limit: 24

Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors

Expected Class Size: 24

Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; PHLH Nutrition, Food Security + Environmental Health

Fall 2018

LEC Section: 01 TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am Claire S. Ting

LAB Section: 02 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Claire S. Ting

LAB Section: 03 W 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Claire S. Ting

BIOL 310 (F) Neural Development and Plasticity

Crosslistings: NSCI310 / BIOL310

Primary Crosslisting

Development can be seen as a tradeoff between genetically-determined processes and environmental stimuli. The tension between these two inputs is particularly apparent in the developing nervous system, where many events must be predetermined, and where plasticity, or altered outcomes in response to environmental conditions, is also essential. Plasticity is reduced as development and differentiation proceed, and the potential for regeneration after injury or disease in adults is limited; however some exceptions to this rule exist, and recent data suggest that the nervous system is not hard-wired as previously thought. In this course we will discuss the mechanisms governing nervous system development, from relatively simple nervous systems such as that of the fruitfly, to the more complicated nervous systems of humans, examining the roles played by genetically specified programs and non-genetic influences.

Class Format: lecture

Requirements/Evaluation: exams

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 212 (same as PSYC 212 or NSCI 201) and BIOL 202 (or permission of instructor)

Enrollment Limit: 24

Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors; Neuroscience concentrators; Psych majors

Expected Class Size: 24

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; NSCI Group A Electives

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 311 (F) Neural Systems and Circuits

Crosslistings: NSCI311 / BIOL311

Primary Crosslisting
This course will examine the functional organization of the vertebrate brain, emphasizing both neuroanatomy and neurophysiology. How do specific populations of neurons and their connections analyze sensory information, form perceptions of the external and internal environment, make cognitive decisions, and execute movements? How does the brain produce feelings of reward/motivation and aversion/pain? How does the brain regulate homeostatic functions such as sleep, food intake, and thirst? We will explore these questions using a holistic, integrative approach, considering molecular/cellular mechanisms, physiological characterizations of neurons, and connectivity among brain systems. Laboratory sessions will provide experience in examining macroscopic and microscopic neural structures, as well as performing experiments to elucidate the structure and function of neural systems using classical and cutting-edge techniques.

Class Format: lecture/lab, six hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: class participation, laboratory notebooks and posters, hour exams and a final exam
Prerequisites: BIOL 212 (same as PSYC 212 or NSCI 201) or BIOL 205
Enrollment Limit: 24
Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors and Neuroscience concentrators
Expected Class Size: 24
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in Biology
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: NSCI Group A Electives

Fall 2018
LEC Section: 01 MWF 9:00 am - 9:50 am Matt E. Carter
LAB Section: 02 M 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Matt E. Carter
LAB Section: 03 T 1:00 pm - 4:00 pm Matt E. Carter

BIOL 313 (S) Immunology
The rapidly evolving field of immunology examines the complex network of interacting molecules and cells that function to recognize and respond to agents foreign to the individual. In this course, we will focus on the biochemical mechanisms that act to regulate the development and function of the immune system and how alterations in different system components can cause disease. Textbook readings will be supplemented with current literature.

Class Format: lectures, three hours a week; laboratory, three hours a week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on exams, laboratory reports, and a research paper
Prerequisites: BIOL 202
Enrollment Limit: 24
Enrollment Preferences: senior and then junior Biology majors
Expected Class Size: 24
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; PHLH Biomedical Determinants of Health

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 315 (F) Microbiology: Diversity, Cellular Physiology, and Interactions
Bioterrorism and the alarming spread of antibiotic resistant bacteria are but two of the reasons for the resurgence of interest in the biology of microorganisms. This course will examine microbes from the perspectives of cell structure and function, genomics, and evolution. A central theme will be the adaptation of bacteria as they evolve to fill specific ecological niches, with an emphasis on microbe:host interactions that lead to pathogenesis. We will consider communication among bacteria as well as between bacteria and their environment. Topics include: microbial development, population dynamics, metagenomics, bioremediation, plant and animal defenses against infection, and bacterial strategies to subvert the immune system. In the lab, major projects will focus on horizontal gene transfer, metagenomics, and the isolation and characterization of bacteria from natural environments. The lab experience will culminate in multi-week independent investigations. Readings will be supplemented by articles from the primary literature.
Class Format: lectures, three hours a week; laboratory, three hours a week

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on three exams/writing assignments, responses to thought questions on readings, a lab report/notebook, and a poster presentation

Extra Info: not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 202

Enrollment Limit: 24

Enrollment Preferences: senior and then junior Biology majors

Expected Class Size: 24

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; PHLH Biomedical Determinants of Health

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 319 (F) Integrative Bioinformatics, Genomics, and Proteomics Lab  (QFR)

Crosslistings: BIOL319 / CHEM319 / MATH319 / PHYS319 / CSCI319

Primary Crosslisting

What can computational biology teach us about cancer? In this capstone experience for the Genomics, Proteomics, and Bioinformatics program, computational analysis and wet-lab investigations will inform each other, as students majoring in biology, chemistry, computer science, mathematics/statistics, and physics contribute their own expertise to explore how ever-growing gene and protein data-sets can provide key insights into human disease. In this course, we will take advantage of one well-studied system, the highly conserved Ras-related family of proteins, which play a central role in numerous fundamental processes within the cell. The course will integrate bioinformatics and molecular biology, using database searching, alignments and pattern matching, phylogenetics, and recombinant DNA techniques to reconstruct the evolution of gene families by focusing on the gene duplication events and gene rearrangements that have occurred over the course of eukaryotic speciation. By utilizing high through-put approaches to investigate genes involved in the MAPK signal transduction pathway in human colon cancer cell lines, students will uncover regulatory mechanisms that are aberrantly altered by siRNA knockdown of putative regulatory components. This functional genomic strategy will be coupled with independent projects using phosphorylation-state specific antisera to test our hypotheses. Proteomic analysis will introduce the students to de novo structural prediction and threading algorithms, as well as data-mining approaches and Bayesian modeling of protein network dynamics in single cells. Flow cytometry and mass spectrometry will be used to study networks of interacting proteins in colon tumor cells.

Class Format: two afternoons of lab, with one hour of lecture, per week

Requirements/Evaluation: lab participation, several short homework assignments, one lab report, a programming project, and a grant proposal

Prerequisites: BIOL 202; students who have not taken BIOL 202 but have taken BIOL 101 and CSCI 315 or PHYS 315, may enroll with permission of instructor. No prior computer programming experience is required.

Enrollment Limit: 12

Enrollment Preferences: seniors, then juniors, then sophomores

Expected Class Size: 12

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3) (QFR)

Attributes: BGNP Core Courses; BIMO Interdepartmental Electives;

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 321 (F) Biochemistry I: Structure and Function of Biological Molecules  (QFR)

Crosslistings: BIOL321 / CHEM321 / BIMO321

Secondary Crosslisting

This course introduces the basic concepts of biochemistry with an emphasis on the structure and function of biological macromolecules. Specifically, the structure of proteins and nucleic acids are examined in detail in order to determine how their chemical properties and their biological behavior result from those structures. Other topics covered include catalysis, enzyme kinetics, mechanism and regulation; the molecular organization of biomembranes; and the flow of information from nucleic acids to proteins. In addition, the principles and applications of the methods used to
characterize macromolecules in solution and the interactions between macromolecules are discussed. The laboratory provides a hands-on opportunity to study macromolecules and to learn the fundamental experimental techniques of biochemistry including electrophoresis, chromatography, and principles of enzymatic assays.

**Class Format:** lecture, three hours per week; laboratory, four hours per week

**Requirements/Evaluation:** evaluation is based on quizzes, a midterm exam, a final exam, problem sets and performance in the laboratories including lab reports

**Extra Info:** may not be taken on a pass/fail basis

**Prerequisites:** BIOL 101 and CHEM 251/255 and CHEM 155/256

**Enrollment Limit:** 16/lab

**Expected Class Size:** 16/lab

**Department Notes:** does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

**Distributions:** (D3) (QFR)

**Attributes:** BGNP Related Courses; BIMO Required Courses;

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**BIOL 322 (S) Biochemistry II: Metabolism** (QFR)

**Crosslistings:** CHEM322 / BIMO322 / BIOL322

**Secondary Crosslisting**

This lecture course provides an in-depth presentation of the complex metabolic reactions which are central to life. Emphasis is placed on the biological flow of energy including alternative modes of energy generation (aerobic, anaerobic, photosynthetic); the regulation and integration of the metabolic pathways including compartmentalization and the transport of metabolites; and biochemical reaction mechanisms including the structures and mechanisms of coenzymes. This comprehensive study also includes the biosynthesis and catabolism of small molecules (carbohydrates, lipids, amino acids, and nucleotides). Laboratory experiments introduce the principles and procedures used to study enzymatic reactions, bioenergetics, and metabolic pathways.

**Class Format:** lecture, three hours per week; laboratory, three hours per week

**Requirements/Evaluation:** evaluation is based on several exams and performance in the laboratories including lab reports that emphasize conceptual and quantitative and/or graphic analysis of the data generated

**Extra Info:** may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

**Prerequisites:** BIOL 101 and CHEM 251/255 or permission of instructor

**Enrollment Limit:** 64

**Expected Class Size:** 64

**Department Notes:** does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

**Distributions:** (D3) (QFR)

**Attributes:** BGNP Related Courses; BIMO Required Courses;
### BIOL 326 (F) Cellular Assembly and Movement

This course will focus on how multi-protein complexes are assembled to control key cellular processes in eukaryotic systems: 1) protein sorting and trafficking, 2) establishment and maintenance of cell architecture, and 3) mitosis, cell migration and tissue morphogenesis that require coordination of the membrane transport and cytoskeleton. The course will highlight involvement of these processes in pathological conditions. Laboratories will use mammalian tissue culture as a model system to study cellular functions. Important techniques in cell biology will be introduced in the first half of the semester; in the second half of the term, students will conduct a multi-week independent project. Textbook readings will be supplemented with primary literature.

#### Class Format:
- lectures, three hours a week; laboratory, three hours a week, the laboratory projects will require additional time outside of class hours

#### Requirements/Evaluation:
- three exams, in-class discussion of papers, lab reports, an oral presentation and research paper based on an independent lab research project

#### Extra Info:
- may not be taken on a pass/fail basis

#### Prerequisites:
- BIOL 202

#### Enrollment Limit: 24

#### Enrollment Preferences: senior and junior Biology majors

#### Expected Class Size: 24

#### Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

#### Distributions: (D3)

#### Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives;

### BIOL 329 (F) Conservation Biology (QFR)

 Conservation biology is an interdisciplinary field that develops scientific and technical means for the protection, maintenance, and restoration of diversity at all levels of biological organization. This course provides an overview of the discipline including the causes and consequences of biodiversity loss as well as approaches and strategies used to combat biodiversity threats such climate change, habitat fragmentation, and invasive species. Particular emphasis is placed on the ecological dimension of conservation and the application of biological principles (derived from physiological and behavioral ecology, population genetics, population ecology, community ecology, and systematics) to the conservation of biodiversity. The course combines lectures, readings, in-class discussion, and a laboratory that includes both field and lab projects.

#### Class Format:
- lecture and discussion three hours per week; lab three hours per week

#### Requirements/Evaluation:
- lab assignments, two exams, and discussion participation

#### Extra Info:
- may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

#### Prerequisites:
- BIOL 203, or BIOL 202, or permission of instructor

#### Enrollment Limit: 24

#### Enrollment Preferences: biology majors, seniors, and juniors

#### Expected Class Size: 24
BIOL 330 (S) Genome Architecture

Biologists have only recently learned to read the complete genome sequence of organisms, and figuring out how to interpret these "texts" is now the focus of much of contemporary research in molecular biology and genetics. This course will concentrate on the origin, function, and evolution of central features of eukaryotic genomes, including gene structure, genome size, repeated sequences, and the complexity of gene regulation. Students will develop the ability to evaluate the contribution of neutral and adaptive processes in shaping genome complexity through: (1) critical evaluation of the primary research literature, (2) investigation of genome structural variation using wet-lab approaches and publically available genomic data, and (3) an original research project.

Class Format: lectures, three hours a week; laboratory, three hours a week; the laboratory projects will require additional time outside of class hours

Requirements/Evaluation: four exams, written responses and in-class discussion of papers, laboratory reports, and oral presentation of an independent laboratory project

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 202

Enrollment Limit: 24

Enrollment Preferences: Biology majors

Expected Class Size: 24

Distributions: (D3)

BIOL 402 (S) Rapid Evolution in Ecology

Darwin believed that evolution was a slow process. Until recently, the impact of evolutionary changes on short-term ecological studies was considered to be minimal. However, empirical documentation of rapid, directly observed evolution has changed this view and has led to an increased focus on the joint dynamics of evolution and ecology including community genetics, niche construction, and evolutionary rescue. In this course, we first focus on the literature presenting the evidence for rapid evolutionary change in natural and experimental populations. Then, we explore the consequences of rapid evolutionary change for our understanding of population, community, and ecosystem ecology including the impacts that evolutionary changes have for conservation efforts and predicting the response of organisms to global environmental and climate change.

Class Format: seminar

Requirements/Evaluation: Evaluation will be based on participation in discussions, several short papers and presentations.

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 202

Enrollment Limit: 12
Enrollment Preferences: Biology seniors who have not yet taken a 400-level course

Expected Class Size: 12

Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3) (WI)

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 405 (F) Sociobiology (WI)

Sociobiology, or the study of social behavior, has challenged the limits of evolutionary theory since Darwin described the non-reproducing castes among social insects (i.e., eusociality) as "one special difficulty." Inclusive fitness theory and Hamilton's rule—that an altruistic act can evolve where the benefit to related individuals exceeds the cost to the actor—potentially resolves Darwin's paradox. Nevertheless, explanations including delayed fitness benefits and ecological constraints have been suggested as alternatives to inclusive fitness theory. Moreover, the theoretical justification for inclusive fitness theory has recently been vigorously challenged. This course will use readings from the primary literature to examine the evidence for inclusive fitness as a potential explanation for topics including the evolution of helping behavior, eusociality and its relationship to extraordinary sex ratios, and spiteful behavior. Other topics that we will cover include the evolution of deceit and self deception.

Class Format: tutorial

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on five (4-5-page) papers; tutorial presentations, & the student's effectiveness as a critic

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 202 and either BIOL/ENVI 203 or 204 or 302 or 305 or permission of instructor; open to juniors and seniors

Enrollment Limit: 10

Enrollment Preferences: senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level course

Expected Class Size: 10

Department Notes: satisfies the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3) (WI)

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 407 (S) Neurobiology of Emotion

Crosslistings: NSCI347 / BIOL407

Primary Crosslisting

Emotion is influenced and governed by a number of neural circuits and substrates, and emotional states can be influenced by experience, memory, cognition, and many external stimuli. We will read and discuss articles about mammalian neuroanatomy associated with emotion as defined by classic lesion studies, pharmacology, electrophysiology, fMRI imaging, knockout mouse studies, as well as new opti-genetic methods for investigating neural circuit function in order to gain an understanding of the central circuits and neurotransmitter systems that are implicated in emotional processing and mood disorders.

Class Format: discussion, three hours per week

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on class participation and several short papers

Prerequisites: BIOL 202 and 212; open to juniors and seniors

Enrollment Limit: 12

Enrollment Preferences: senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level Biology course; then to eligible NSCI concentrators

Expected Class Size: 12

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; NSCI Group A Electives

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 408 (S) RNA Worlds

Ribonucleic acids (RNAs) serve as genomes, catalysts, messengers, adaptors, regulators, structural components, and evolutionary substrates.
Non-coding RNAs such as microRNAs, ribozymes, and small interfering RNAs control a diverse range of biological processes including plant and animal development, translation, epigenetic chromosome silencing, and cancer. This course explores recently discovered non-coding RNAs and considers evidence for their mechanisms of action. Through extensive reading of primary literature, we will analyze experimental investigations that reveal our current understanding of the functions and evolution of non-coding RNAs in all three domains of life.

**Class Format:** discussion, three hours per week

**Requirements/Evaluation:** evaluation will be based on class participation and several short papers

**Prerequisites:** BIOL 202; open to juniors and seniors

**Enrollment Limit:** 12

**Enrollment Preferences:** senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level course & BIMO concentrators

**Expected Class Size:** 12

**Department Notes:** does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

**Distributions:** (D3)

**Attributes:** BIMO Interdepartmental Electives;

Not offered current academic year

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**BIOL 409 (F) Cultural Evolution in Biological Systems** *(WI)*

The evolution of genetically transmitted traits has been the subject of extensive study since the “modern synthesis” combined Darwin’s and Mendel’s ideas—later enriched by molecular approaches to developmental biology. More recently, the study of evolution has been extended to traits that are transmitted via social learning. The cultural evolution that occurs in such behavioral traits has many parallels with evolution based on genes: errors and innovation correspond to genetic mutations, immigration may bring in new forms of the behavior, and population bottlenecks can result in loss of behavioral traits. However, there is also a crucial difference between genetic and social transmission of traits: social learners can potentially acquire traits from many members of their population, including unrelated individuals. This difference has many implications, including the acceleration of the evolutionary time scale. We will explore the ways socially learned behaviors evolve, using systems such as tool use (primates, crows), vocal learning (songbirds, orcas), and social organization (baboons). Among the topics we will consider are the role of neutral models and random processes, how neural constraints guide social learning, how social status influences the choice of tutors, and how competition and sexual selection drive changes in learned behavior. We will also consider how these processes interact and how they generate differences as well as parallels between cultural and genetic evolution.

**Class Format:** tutorial

**Requirements/Evaluation:** five 4- to 5-page papers; five 1-2 page response papers; tutorial presentations; contribution to the intellectual enterprise

**Extra Info:** may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

**Prerequisites:** BIOL 305 or BIOL 204

**Enrollment Limit:** 10

**Enrollment Preferences:** senior Biology majors

**Expected Class Size:** 10

**Department Notes:** satisfies the distributional requirement for the Biology major

**Distributions:** (D3) (WI)

**Attributes:** Linguistics;

Not offered current academic year

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**BIOL 410 (S) Nanomachines in Living Systems**

Through reading and discussing the primary literature, this course will explore how nanometer-sized biological molecules like proteins perform functions that require integration of information and transmission of force at much larger scales, microns and above. These nanoscale proteins will be considered as nanomachines that can transform a chemical energy into a mechanical one. We will focus on the cytoskeleton, which gives cells their shape, organizes the internal parts of cells and provides mechanical support for essential cellular processes like cell division and movement. An emphasis will be placed on how the biochemical properties of actin, actin-binding proteins and motors are used to generate mechanical force necessary for the respective biological function. Topics will include some controversial and emerging hypotheses in the field: sliding versus depolymerizing hypotheses for constriction of the contractile ring in cytokinesis, roles of cytoskeleton in pathogen entry and propagation, organelle
dynamics, polarity establishment in cell migration, immunological synapse and neuronal function.

Class Format: discussion, three hours per week

Requirements/Evaluation: class participation and several short papers

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 202; open to juniors and seniors

Enrollment Limit: 24

Enrollment Preferences: senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level course, then juniors

Expected Class Size: 24

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives;

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 412 (S) Neural and Hormonal Basis of Hunger

Crosslistings: NSCI342 / BIOL412

Primary Crosslisting

Hunger and satiety are highly regulated behavioral states that maintain energy homeostasis in animals. This course will focus on readings from the primary literature to track numerous recent advances in how the brain and endocrine systems regulate appetite. Topics include how organ systems communicate with the brain to regulate appetite, how different populations of neurons in the brain interact to regulate appetite, how brain systems that regulate appetite affect other behaviors, and how the neural and hormonal basis of hunger compare with brain systems that regulate other homeostatic systems such as thirst. By tracing the advances in appetite regulation within the past decade, we will also trace the advent of cutting-edge molecular, genetic, and optical-based tools that are transforming multiple fields within physiology and neuroscience. Students in this class will have the opportunity to improve skills in written and oral scientific presentation.

Class Format: seminar

Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on written assignments, oral presentations, and participation

Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option

Prerequisites: BIOL 205 or BIOL/PSYC 212, or permission of instructor

Enrollment Limit: 12

Enrollment Preferences: seniors who have not taken a 400-level course

Expected Class Size: 12

Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement for the Biology major

Distributions: (D3)

Attributes: NSCI Group A Electives

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 413 (S) Global Change Ecology (WI)

Crosslistings: ENVI423 / BIOL413

Primary Crosslisting

Plants and animals are increasingly faced with rapid environmental change driven by human activities across the globe. How do they cope with challenges imposed by climate change, altered nutrient cycling, biological invasions, and increased urbanization? What are the impacts of organismal responses at the population and community level? This course uses an integrative approach to understand the impacts of global change at multiple levels of biological organization in both aquatic and terrestrial environments. We examine how global-scale environmental changes affect the distribution and abundance of species and alter community organization. We also consider the physiological and behavioral mechanisms underlying species responses and the role of acclimation versus adaptation in coping with rapid environmental change. Finally, we learn the analytical tools used to predict future responses to global change. Class discussions will focus on readings drawn from the primary literature.

Class Format: seminar
BIOL 414 (S)  Life at Extremes: Molecular Mechanisms

All organisms face variability in their environments, and the molecular and cellular responses to stresses induced by environmental change often illuminate otherwise hidden facets of normal physiology. Moreover, many organisms have evolved unique molecular mechanisms, such as novel cellular compounds or macromolecular structural modifications, which contribute to their ability to survive continuous exposure to extreme conditions, such as high temperatures or low pH. This course will examine how chaperonins, proteases, and heat- and cold-shock proteins are regulated in response to changes in the external environment. We will then consider how these and other molecular mechanisms function to stabilize DNA and proteins- and, ultimately, cells and organisms. Other extreme environments, such as hydrothermal vents on the ocean floor, snow fields, hypersaline lakes, the intertidal zone, and acid springs provide further examples of cellular and molecular responses to extreme conditions. Biotechnological applications of these molecular mechanisms in areas such as protein engineering will also be considered. Class discussions will focus upon readings from the primary literature.

Class Format: discussion, three hours per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on class participation and several short papers
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis
Prerequisites: BIOL 202; open to juniors and seniors
Enrollment Limit: 12
Enrollment Preferences: senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level course; then juniors
Expected Class Size: 12
Department Notes: does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)
Attributes: BIMO Interdepartmental Electives; MAST Interdepartmental Electives

Spring 2019
SEM Section: 01  TR 9:55 am - 11:10 am  Sonya K. Auer
SEM Section: 02  TR 11:20 am - 12:35 pm  Sonya K. Auer

BIOL 417 (F)  Translational Immunology: From Bench to Bedside

Recent advances in the field of immunology have led to the development of new approaches to prevent and treat diseases that affect millions of people worldwide. Drugs that modulate the body’s natural immune response have become powerful tools in treating the world’s major diseases--infection, autoimmunity and cancer. This course will use readings from the primary literature to explore central themes involved in translating basic research to new clinical and therapeutic approaches. Topics will include vaccine development, transplantation immunology, autoimmunity and cancer immunotherapy.

Class Format: seminar/conference
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on class participation and several short papers
BIOL 418 (F) Signal Transduction to Cancer
Division of normal cells is a highly regulated process based on input from both intrinsic and extrinsic signals. The cell's response to its environment affects all aspects of cell behavior: proliferation, death, differentiation and migration. The goal of the course is to understand the molecular mechanisms of signal transduction that guide normal cell behavior and how disruptions in this process can lead to cancer. We will focus on the Hedgehog-Gli signaling pathway that is activated in 30% of all known cancers. Genetic studies will serve as an introduction to the components of the pathway, followed by an examination of the molecular mechanisms of signal reception, transduction of intracellular information, scaffolding and transcriptional targets. The final section of the course will investigate how high throughput screens, medicinal chemistry studies and mouse models are used to identify small molecular inhibitors of pathway components. We will consider the effectiveness of these inhibitors in pharmacological studies, clinical trials and potential cancer treatments.

Class Format: seminar
Requirements/Evaluation: four papers

BIOL 422 (F) Ecology of Sustainable Agriculture
A seminar/field course investigating patterns, processes, and concepts of stability in human-dominated, food production ecosystems. As a capstone course, the course will draw upon the experiences that students have had in biology and environmental studies courses. Topics will include: the relationships among diversity, ecosystem function, sustainability, resilience, and stability of food production, distribution systems, nutrient pools and processing in human dominated ecosystems. Two extensive field trips will be taken to agricultural operations in the region. Each student will present a seminar on a topic requiring extensive reading of primary resources and is responsible for leading the discussion that ensues. Reading question paper assignments will be due prior to the seminar. Criticism paper assignments will be made at approximately bi-weekly intervals and due two days after the seminar to which they relate.

Class Format: seminar; two 75 minute sessions per week
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on writing assignments, seminar presentation, and course participation
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option
Prerequisites: BIOL/ENVI 203 or BIOL 302 or permission of instructor
Enrollment Limit: 16  
Enrollment Preferences: senior Biology and Environmental Studies Majors and Environmental Studies Concentrators; then Junior majors/concentrators, then seniors, then juniors  
Expected Class Size: 12  
Department Notes: Satisfies the distribution requirement in Biology; the ENVS biology track; the Natural World distributional requirement of the Environmental Studies program  
Distributions: (D3)  
Attributes: ENVI Natural World Electives; PHLH Nutrition, Food Security + Environmental Health  

Fall 2018  
SEM Section: 01  Cancelled  

BIOL 430 (F) Genome Sciences: At the Cutting Edge  
Research in genomics has integrated and revolutionized the field of biology, including areas of medicine, plant biology, microbiology, and evolutionary biology. Moreover, recent developments in "metagenomics" (genomic studies of entire communities of microorganisms in natural environments, such as the mammalian gut and the deep sea) and "metatranscriptomics" (studies of genome wide changes in expression and mRNA levels in natural communities of organisms) have generated unprecedented knowledge about the genomic potential of a community and the in situ biological activity of different ecological niches. In this course we will explore how research in these and related areas, including proteomics, have advanced our fundamental understanding of (1) organisms in the three domains of life, and their interactions and evolutionary relationships; (2) biological systems and environments, such as the human body, extreme environments, and the oceans; (3) strategies for solving global challenges in medicine, agriculture, energy resources, and environmental sciences. During the course, students will meet each week for one hour with a tutorial partner and the instructor. Every other week, students will present a written and oral critical analysis of the assigned research articles. On alternate weeks, students will question/critique the work of their colleague.  
Class Format: tutorial  
Requirements/Evaluation: evaluation will be based on five (4-5 page) papers, tutorial presentations, and the student's effectiveness as a critic  
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option  
Prerequisites: BIOL 202  
Enrollment Limit: 10  
Enrollment Preferences: open to juniors and seniors; senior Biology majors who have not taken a 400-level course  
Expected Class Size: 10  
Department Notes: BIMO, BIGP; does not satisfy the distribution requirement in the Biology major  
Distributions: (D3) (WI)  
Attributes: BGNP Recommended Courses; BIMO Interdepartmental Electives;  
Not offered current academic year  

BIOL 432 (F) Evolutionary Genetics  
The synthesis of evolutionary processes with the mechanistic understanding of genetics has lent insight into many mysteries of life. The goal of this course is to explore the interface between evolution and genetics to make sense of fundamental biological processes. For example, why do we expect that male and female offspring occur in 50:50 ratios? How and why do unusual sex-ratios occur? Other topics include: conflict among genes, evolution of allelic dominance, adaptation at the molecular level, and genetics of speciation. Class discussion and written assignments will emphasize critical evaluation and synthesis of the scientific literature.  
Class Format: seminar  
Requirements/Evaluation: class participation and several short papers  
Extra Info: may not be taken on a pass/fail basis; not available for the fifth course option  
Prerequisites: BIOL 202; open to juniors and seniors  
Enrollment Limit: 12  
Enrollment Preferences: seniors who have not taken a 400 level course, then juniors and Biology majors
Expected Class Size: 12
Department Notes: meets distribution requirements of the Biology major
Distributions: (D3)

Not offered current academic year

BIOL 493 (F) Senior Thesis Research: Biology
Each student prepares a thesis under the supervision of a member of the department. Thesis work can begin either in the spring of the junior or the fall of the senior year, and includes the Winter Study period of the senior year. The number of Biology Department faculty available to mentor research students and the number of students each can accommodate in her/his lab vary from year to year. Although the department will make every effort to provide an opportunity for students to conduct Honors research, you should be aware that it may not be possible to assign all applicants to a laboratory.

Class Format: independent study
Extra Info: this is part of a full-year thesis (493-494)
Department Notes: Senior majors and concentrators are required to participate in Biology Colloquium, which are scheduled for most Fridays at 1:10pm
Distributions: (D3)

Fall 2018
HON Section: 01  TBA  Steven J. Swoap

BIOL 494 (S) Senior Thesis Research: Biology
Each student prepares a thesis under the supervision of a member of the department. Thesis work can begin either in the spring of the junior or the fall of the senior year, and includes the Winter Study period of the senior year. The number of Biology Department faculty available to mentor research students and the number of students each can accommodate in her/his lab vary from year to year. Although the department will make every effort to provide an opportunity for students to conduct Honors research, you should be aware that it may not be possible to assign all applicants to a laboratory.

Class Format: independent study
Extra Info: this is part of a full-year thesis (493-494)
Distributions: (D3)

Spring 2019
HON Section: 01  TBA  Lois M. Banta

BIOL 499 (S) Biology Colloquium
Scientists from around the country who are on the cutting edge of biological research come to talk about their work. Students of Biology at any level are welcome.

Class Format: lecture
Extra Info: this is not a for-credit course; registration is not necessary to attend
Not offered current academic year